1		Board action: <u>APPROVAL.</u>
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4	В.	Proposal for the Elevation of the Status of UP Visayas
5		Cebu College to an Autonomous Unit under the Office of
6		the UP President
7		Overview
8		Overview
9		Cable City and its adjacent areas sit at the strategie
10		Cebu City and its adjacent areas sit at the strategic
11		junction of the Mindanao, Central Visayas and Luzon sea and
12 13		air corridors. It is also the regional hub of the Central Visayas
15 14		and Mindanao regions. As such, it is the natural center of commercial and industrial activities. It is likewise the center of
14 15		education in the region as evidenced by the presence of a
15		number of major universities and colleges. The islands, rich in
10		culture and history and abundant in marine life and beautiful
17		beaches make the area a major tourist destination in the
10		country.
20		oountry.
20		During the last few decades, Cebu City and its adjacent
22		cities and towns have exhibited phenomenal economic
23		growth. This growth has been mainly in the areas of basic
24		manufacturing, high technology manufacturing and services of
25		the small and medium scale industry types, marine
26		transportation, shipbuilding and marine products. The influx in
27		the service sector has been principally induced by the
28		worldwide development in information technology and
29		business process outsourcing (BPO) services. These
30		developments benefited population centers like Cebu due to

- developments benefited population centers like Cebu due to its sizable, highly skilled human resource base. Similarly, during the last two decades, the area also profited from the extraordinary development in tourist-related infrastructure, facilities and services. With all these, Cebu has the strategic significance and critical mass in terms of clientele.
- Together with its surviving traditional industries in the areas of furniture, shell-craft and fashion accessories manufacturing, the City (and surrounding areas) may be described as vibrant and moving very fast in terms of its development dimensions.
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The University of the Philippines' Current Presence in Cebu and Its History

The University of the Philippines Visayas Cebu College 4 (UPVCC), established on 3 May 1918, was initially named 5 Junior College of Liberal Arts. It underwent several changes 6 in name and stature: it became a separate unit of the 7 University of the Philippines (UP) and renamed Junior College 8 of the UP, integrated into the University of the Philippines 9 Visayas (UPV) in 1986, and was given its official name UP 10 Visayas Cebu College (UPVCC) in 2007. UPVCC was initially 11 located in the Ermita District of Cebu. In March 1929, it 12 transferred to its current site in Lahug. UPV Cebu College is 13 the current presence of the UP System in the region. To date, 14 UPVCC has 5 Full Professors, 22 Associate Professors, 36 15 Assistant Professors, and 19 Instructors. The College 16 currently has over 1,000 students enrolled in its various 17 undergraduate courses. There are around 160 professionals 18 enrolled in the graduate programs. In March 2007 the 19 Commission on Higher Education declared its computer 20 science program a Center of Excellence on Information 21 Technology Education. During UP's Centenary in 2008, Her 22 23 Excellency President Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo signed RA 9500 (the new UP Charter of 2008) in UPVCC. 24

Despite its 90 years of existence, its recent status as 26 CHED-COE in Information Technology Education, and its 27 historical significance as the oldest campus outside Luzon 28 and as site where the University of the Philippines Charter of 29 2008 was signed into law, its overall presence in the region 30 appears to be grossly inadequate in comparison to the 31 enormity of the region's development. It is in this context that 32 the UP System's Central Administration under the leadership 33 of President Emerlinda R. Roman designated UPVCC as a 34 flagship project of her administration. It is envisioned that the 35 University of the Philippines shall create a strong presence, a 36 sense of purpose articulated for the first time in UPVCC's 37 history, in the region consistent with the enormity and 38 character of the region's development. 39 40

Need for Autonomy and Statement of Capability 1 2 The magnitude and the speed of development of the 3 area it serves present to UPV Cebu College a formidable 4 challenge. Its history has long been embedded in, intertwined 5 and vastly shared with the history of the area it served for 90 6 Recent attention and effort on UPVCC by the UP 7 vears. Central Administration provided the greatest impetus towards 8 creating a very strong and significant presence in the area. 9 10 However, the current organization linkage of UPVCC 11 handicapped the momentum of change that the college has 12 gathered during the last three years. It goes without saying 13 that there are fundamental differences in the magnitude and 14 character of the clientele base of UPVCC and UPV. UPV is 15 marine resources and agriculture base while UPVCC is 16 commercial, industrial and tourism base. Such differences 17 may have contributed to the slow down of momentum. 18 Historically, placing UPVCC under the UPV was based only 19 on administrative convenience, and as such, may have 20 resulted in the development of contrasting perspectives 21 particularly in the prioritization of the delivery of services to 22 disparate clientele. 23 24 Likewise, from the above assessment, UPVCC does not 25 need tremendous amount of resource infusion to make on its 26 own. What it needs is significant amount of bridge financing 27 which may well be recovered from its own internal capability. 28 29 As had been shown during the last 3 years the 30 academic reform orientation of UPVCC differed fundamentally 31 from that of UPV, and with greater likelihood, can continue to 32 diverge in the future. 33 34 Therefore, the potentials of UPVCC may not be 35 harnessed under the present set-up. In short, obtaining 36 autonomy is a necessary first step to provide UP Cebu 37

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College the freedom to flourish.

1	Executive Summary
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3	The elevation of UP Visayas Cebu College from a
4	regional unit of UP Visayas to an autonomous unit under the
5	Office of the President of the university is being proposed.
6	Should this be granted, the autonomy will give UP Cebu more
7	freedom and flexibility to prepare for a constituent university
8	status in the next five (5) to seven (7) years.
9	
10	UP Cebu then envisions a future where it becomes a
11	university of choice among the ablest of students for programs
12	distinguished as truly built on the UP tradition of excellence,
13	academic freedom and duty to meet the changing needs of
14	the region.
15	
16	During this transition period, the autonomous college
17	shall focus its activities and resources to accomplish the
18	following agenda:
19	
20	1. Formulate strategic directions for UP Cebu focusing on
21	its role as an institution of higher learning in the region
22	within the framework of the University of the Philippines
23	System.
24	
25	2. Formulate a desired faculty development profile
26	including strategies for achieving the profile.
27	
28	3. Tighten faculty recruitment policies and procedures
29	consistent with the desired faculty development profile.
30	
31	4. Improve the quality of undergraduate programs, at the
32	same time emphasize quality graduate education.
33	C Consider with and long town we conclude the training
34	5. Formulate mid- and long-term research agenda that will
35	lead to a strong research culture in UP Cebu.
36	
37	6. Nurture an IT culture in UP Cebu.
38	7 One sta and develop a program to program the sufficient
39	7. Create and develop a program to promote the cultural
40	heritage of the region.
41	

8. Formulate resource generation framework and program 1 specifying strategies and mechanisms for sustainable 2 fund-raising and income generation. 3 4 9. 5 Formulate physical campus development program. 6 7 10. Undertake all the above activities under an autonomous 8 set-up of the UP System. 9 (The complete proposal is on file at OSU Records.) 10 11 12 Board action: APPROVAL. Henceforth, 13 UP Visayas Cebu College will be 14 officially called UP CEBU. 15 16 17 N.B. 18 President Roman endorsed to the Board the elevation of the status of 19 20 UP Visayas Cebu College to an autonomous unit under the Office of the 21 President. She said that this has been discussed with the faculty of the unit and 22 the faculty is endorsing the proposal. The Chancellor of UP Visayas is also 23 endorsing the proposal. The President said that she would involve the Vice 24 President for Academic Affairs to help UP Cebu with the Academic Programs, 25 the Vice President for Planning and Finance to help in the separation of accounts of UP Cebu from UP Visayas and the Vice President for Development 26 27 to help with the land use development plan. 28 29 Faculty Regent Taguiwalo inquired whether the proposal for the UP 30 Cebu High School was considered in the proposal. 31 32 In response to the guery of the Faculty Regent, President Roman said 33 that she deliberately delayed the decision on the proposal until such time that 34 autonomy of UP Cebu is granted. However, the President said that she had 35 already informed the Dean of the College of Music, the Dean of the College of 36 Education and the Dean of the College of Fine Arts of Diliman that once the autonomy of UP Cebu is approved they will go to Cebu and sit down with the 37 38 Principal and the one in-charge at the College level to discuss the possibility of 39 a High School for the Arts for UP Cebu. 40 41 Faculty Regent Taguiwalo clarified if such elevation to an autonomous 42 status for UP Cebu would not result in the loss of faculty items for the UP Cebu 43 faculty members who now have tenure or who have already qualified for 44 tenure. 45

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President Roman said that this would not happen and the reason why she is involving the Vice President for Planning and Finance is for the latter to oversee the separation.

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C. Proposed UP Visayas Cebu College Land Use Plan

The planning for the use of the UPV Cebu properties can be traced back as early as late 2005 when the College was declared Centennial Project of the UP System (1210th Meeting of the BOR, 30 June 2006). Thenceforth, a series of wide-ranging consultations with various stakeholders. including the barangay and the city officials of both Cebu (14 March 2007) and Talisay (3 July 2007) cities, provincial government officials (21 February 2007) and the informal settlers occupying UP properties (18 December 2006; 7 February 2007, and 23 March 2007) was carried out. These consultations resulted in a campus renewal plan for Lahug (1211th Meeting of the BOR, 28 July 2006) with the proceeds of the proposed sale of the Talisay property having been considered to fund the Lahug development.

However, on 29 April 2008, RA 9500 otherwise known as *The University of the Philippines Charter of 2008* was signed into law by the President of the Republic in UPV Cebu. The new Charter prohibits the University from disposing of its real property, so other sources of funding are being explored. With the donation by the City Government of Cebu to the University of a 5.17 ha lot in its South Roads Properties on 24 March 2009, the need to explore funding sources has become even more acute.

With acquisition, consultations 33 this new were undertaken on 26-30 September 2009 by Prof. Ferdinand 34 UPD-COE College's 35 Manegdeg, and the Land Use Committee, Chaired and Co-chaired by Mr. Alsidry Sharif and 36 Prof. Karl Roque, respectively; and members, Engr. Albert 37 Bascon, Profs. Roberto Basadre, Catherine Rodel, and 38 Lawlita Cabahug, and Student Representative, Mr. Mykel 39 Encarnacion with both (1) Cebu City and (2) Talisay City 40 public officials, (3) UP Alumni, (4) Students, (5) Faculty, and 41 (6) UPVCC Administration Officials in order to consolidate and 42 integrate the College's plans on the rational use of its real 43